Chapter 10

Inaccurate, false or misleading information



10.1 Inaccurate, false or misleading information

- 10.1.1 A critical third party must take reasonable steps to ensure that all information it gives to the regulators and firms in accordance with the CTP duties (including information required by ■ CTPS 8 (Incident reporting) and ■ CTPS 9 (Notifications)) is:
 - (1) factually accurate or, in the case of estimates and judgements, fairly and properly based after appropriate enquiries have been made by the *critical third party*; and
 - (2) complete, in that it should include anything of which the regulators would reasonably expect notice.
- 10.1.2 R If a critical third party is unable to obtain the information required in ■ CTPS 10.1.1R, then it must inform the regulators that the scope of the information provided is, or may be, limited.
- 10.1.3 R If a critical third party becomes aware, or has information that reasonably suggests, that it has or may have provided the *regulators* with information which was or may have been false, misleading, incomplete or inaccurate, or has or may have changed in a material way, it must notify the regulators immediately.
- 10.1.4 R Subject to ■ CTPS 10.1.5R, the notification required by ■ CTPS 10.1.3R must include:
 - (1) details of the information which is or may be false, misleading, incomplete or inaccurate, or has or may have changed;
 - (2) an explanation why such information was or may have been provided; and
 - (3) the correct information.
- 10.1.5 If the information in ■ CTPS 10.1.4R(3) cannot be submitted with the notification (because it is not immediately available), it must instead be submitted as soon as is practicable afterwards.

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