

Chapter 7

Suspension of dealings and termination of authorised funds



7.1 Introduction

Application

7.1.1

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- (1) This chapter applies to an *ICVC*, an *ACD*, any other *director* of an *ICVC*, a *depository* of an *ICVC*, an *authorised fund manager* of an *AUT* or *ACS* and a *depository* of an *AUT* or *ACS*, where such *AUT*, *ACS* or *ICVC* is a *UCITS scheme* or a *non-UCITS retail scheme* in accordance with ■ COLL 7.1.2 R (Table of application).
- (2) ■ COLL 7.7 (UCITS mergers) applies only to a *domestic UCITS merger* or a *cross-border UCITS merger*.

Table of application

7.1.2

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This table belongs to ■ COLL 7.1.1 R.

<i>Rule</i>	<i>ICVC</i>	<i>ACD</i>	<i>Any other directors of an ICVC</i>	<i>Depository of an ICVC</i>	<i>Au- thorised fund man- ager of an AUT or ACS</i>	<i>D c a A c A</i>
7.1.1	x	x	x	x	x	x
7.1.3	x	x	x	x	x	x

<i>Rule</i>	<i>ICVC</i>	<i>ACD</i>	<i>Any other directors of an ICVC</i>	<i>Depository of an ICVC</i>	<i>Au- thorised fund man- ager of an AUT or ACS</i>	<i>D o a A o A</i>	
7.2.1	x	x		x	x	x	
7.3.1	x	x	x	x			
7.3.2	x	x	x	x			
7.3.3	x	x	x				
7.3.4	x	x	x				
7.3.5		x	x				
7.3.6	x	x	x				
7.3.7	x	x	x	x			
7.3.8		x	x				
7.3.9		x					
7.3.10	x	x	x	x			
7.3.11		x					
7.3.12	x	x					
7.3.13 (1)		x	x				
7.3.13 (2)			x	x			
7.4*					x	x	
7.4A*					x	x	
7.5		x	x	x	x	x	
7.6		x	x	x	x	x	
7.7	x	x	x	x	x	x	
Notes:	(1)	"x" means "applies", but not every paragraph in every <i>rule</i> will necessarily apply.					
	(2)	*COLL 7.4 does not apply to the <i>authorised contractual scheme manager</i> or <i>depository</i> of an ACS.					
	(3)	*COLL 7.4A does not apply to the <i>manager</i> or <i>depository</i> of an AUT.					

Purpose

7.1.3

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- (1) This chapter helps to achieve the *statutory objective* of protecting investors by ensuring they do not buy or *redeem units* at a *price* that cannot be calculated accurately. For instance, due to unforeseen circumstances, it may be impossible to value, or to dispose of and obtain payment for, all or some of the *scheme property* of an *authorised fund* or *sub-fund*. ■ COLL 7.2.1 R (Requirement) sets out the circumstances in which an *authorised fund manager* must or may suspend dealings in *units* and the manner in which a suspension takes effect.
- (2) This chapter also helps with the *statutory objective* of protecting *consumers*, by providing a cost effective and fair means of winding up *authorised funds* and terminating *sub-funds* of *ICVCs*, *AUTs* and *co-ownership schemes*. ■ EG 14(Collective investment schemes) deals with

the *FCA's* powers to revoke the authorisation of *authorised funds* otherwise than by consent.

7.2 Suspension and restart of dealings

Requirement

7.2.1

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- (1) The *authorised fund manager* may, with the prior agreement of the *depository*, and must without delay, if the *depository* so requires, temporarily suspend the *issue, cancellation, sale and redemption of units* in an *authorised fund* (referred to in this chapter as "*dealings in units*"), where due to exceptional circumstances it is in the interest of all the *unitholders* in the *authorised fund*. Where an *authorised fund* is a *regulated money market fund*, the *authorised fund manager* must ensure that any such suspensions are consistent with the *Money Market Funds Regulation*.
- (1A) The *authorised fund manager* and the *depository* must ensure that the suspension is only allowed to continue for as long as it is justified having regard to the interests of the *unitholders*.
- (2) On suspension, the *authorised fund manager*, or the *depository* if it has required the *authorised fund manager* to suspend *dealings in units*, must:
 - (a) immediately inform the *FCA*, stating the reason for its action; and
 - (b) as soon as practicable give written confirmation of the suspension and the reasons for it to:
 - (i) the *FCA*; and
 - (ii) the *Home State regulator* in each *EEA State* in which the *authorised fund manager* holds itself out as willing to *sell* or *redeem units* of the *authorised fund* concerned.
- (2A) The *authorised fund manager* must ensure that a notification of the suspension is made to *unitholders* of the *authorised fund* as soon as practicable after suspension commences.
- (2B) In making the notification set out in (2A), the *authorised fund manager* must ensure that it:
 - (a) draws *unitholders'* particular attention to the exceptional circumstance which resulted in the suspension;
 - (b) is clear, fair and not misleading; and
 - (c) informs *unitholders* how to obtain the information detailed in (2C).
- (2C) The *authorised fund manager* must ensure that it publishes (on its website or by other general means) sufficient details to keep

unitholders appropriately informed about the suspension including, if known, its likely duration.

- (3) During a suspension:
 - (a) none of the obligations in ■ COLL 6.2 (Dealing) apply; and
 - (b) the *authorised fund manager* must comply with as much of ■ COLL 6.3 (Valuation and pricing) as is practicable in the light of the suspension.
- (4) The suspension of *dealings* in *units* must cease as soon as practicable after the exceptional circumstances referred to in (1) have ceased.
- (4A) The *authorised fund manager* and the *depository* must formally review the suspension at least every 28 days and inform the *FCA* of the results of this review and any change to the information provided in (2).
- (5) The *authorised fund manager* must inform the *FCA* of the proposed restart of *dealings* in *units* and immediately after the restart must confirm this by giving notice to the *FCA* and the authorities mentioned in (2)(b)(ii).
- (6) The *authorised fund manager* may agree, during the suspension, to *deal* in *units* in which case all *deals* accepted during, and outstanding prior to, the suspension will be undertaken at a *price* calculated at the first *valuation point* after restart of *dealing* in *units*, subject to (8).
- (7) This *rule* applies to a *sub-fund* as it applies to an *authorised fund*, and:
 - (a) references to the *units* of the *class* or *classes* relate to that *sub-fund* and to the *scheme property* attributable to the *sub-fund*; and
 - (b) this *rule* can only apply to one or more *classes* of *units* without being applied to other *classes*, if it is in the interest of all the *unitholders*.
- (8) If an *authorised fund* operates *limited redemption arrangements*, and the event in (1) has affected a *valuation point*, the *authorised fund manager* must declare an additional *valuation point* as soon as possible after the restart of *dealings* in *units*.

[Note: article 45(2) of the *UCITS Directive*]

Temporary suspension of units of a master UCITS or qualifying master scheme

7.2.1A

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Where:

- (1) an *authorised fund manager* of a *UCITS* scheme which is a *master UCITS* or a *qualifying master scheme* temporarily suspends the *issue*, *cancellation*, *sale* and *redemption* of its *units*, whether at its own initiative or at the request of the *FCA*; or
- (2) an *operator* of an *EEA UCITS* scheme which is a *master UCITS* or a *qualifying master scheme* temporarily suspends the *issue*, *cancellation*, *sale* or *redemption* of its *units*, whether at its own initiative or at the request of its *Home State regulator*; or

- (3) an *authorised fund manager* of a *non-UCITS retail scheme* which is a *qualifying master scheme* temporarily suspends the *issue, cancellation, sale or redemption* of its *units*, whether at its own initiative or at the request of the *FCA*; or
- (4) the *operator* of a *recognised scheme* which is a *qualifying master scheme* temporarily suspends the *issue, cancellation, sale or redemption* of its *units* whether at its own initiative or at the request of its regulator;

the *authorised fund manager* of each of its *feeder UCITS* (which is a *UCITS scheme*) or *feeder NURS* is entitled to suspend the *issue, cancellation, sale or redemption* of its *units* for the same period of time as the *master UCITS* or *qualifying master scheme*.

[Note: article 60(3) of the *UCITS Directive*]

Guidance

7.2.2

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- (1) Suspension should be allowed only in exceptional cases where circumstances so require and suspension is justified having regard to the interests of the *unitholders*. Difficulties in realising scheme assets or temporary shortfalls in liquidity may not on their own be sufficient justification for suspension. In such circumstances the *authorised fund manager* and *depository* would need to be confident that suspension could be demonstrated genuinely to be in the best interests of the *unitholders*. Before an *authorised fund manager* and *depository* determines that it is the best interests of *unitholders* to suspend *dealing*, it should ensure that any alternative courses of action have been discounted.
- (2) The *authorised fund manager* will need to ensure that any suspension, while maintaining *unitholders'* interests, is temporary, of minimal duration and is consistent with the provisions of the *prospectus* and the *instrument constituting the fund*.
- (3) During a suspension, the *authorised fund manager* should inform any *person* who requests a *sale or redemption* of *units* that all *dealings* in *units* have been suspended and that that *person* has the option to withdraw the request during the period of suspension or have the request executed at the first opportunity after the suspension ends.



7.3 Winding up a solvent ICVC and terminating or winding up a sub-fund of an ICVC

Explanation of COLL 7.3

7.3.1

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- (1) The winding up of an *ICVC* may be carried out under this section instead of by the court provided the *ICVC* is solvent and the steps required under regulation 21 the *OEIC Regulations* (The Authority's approval for certain changes in respect of a company) are fulfilled. This section lays down the procedures to be followed and the obligations of the *ACD* and any other *directors* of the *ICVC*.
- (2) The termination of a *sub-fund* may be carried out under this section, instead of by the court, provided the *sub-fund* is solvent and the steps required under regulation 21 of the *OEIC Regulations* are complied with. Termination can only commence once the proposed alterations to the *ICVC's instrument of incorporation* and *prospectus* have been notified to the *FCA* and permitted to take effect. On termination, the assets of the *sub-fund* will normally be realised, and the *unitholders* in the *sub-fund* will receive their respective share of the proceeds net of liabilities and the expenses of the termination.
- (3) A *sub-fund* or *ICVC* may also be terminated or wound up in connection with a *scheme of arrangement*. *unitholders* will become entitled to receive *units* in another *regulated collective investment scheme* in exchange for their *units*.
- (4) ■ COLL 7.3.3 G gives an overview of the main steps in winding up a solvent *ICVC* or terminating a *sub-fund* under *FCA rules*, assuming *FCA* approval.

7.3.2

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Special meanings for termination of a sub-fund of an ICVC

In this section, where a *sub-fund* of an *ICVC* is being terminated, references to:

- (1) *units*, are references to *units* of the *class* or *classes* related to the *sub-fund* to be terminated;
- (2) a resolution, or *extraordinary resolution*, are references to such a resolution passed at a meeting of *unitholders* of *units* of the *class* or *classes* referred to in (1);

- (3) *scheme property*, are references to the *scheme property* allocated or attributable to the *sub-fund* to be terminated; and
- (4) liabilities, are references to liabilities of the *ICVC* allocated or attributable to the *sub-fund* to be terminated.

Guidance on winding up or termination

7.3.3

G This table belongs to ■ COLL 7.3.1 G (4) (Explanation of COLL 7.3)

Summary of the main steps in winding up a solvent *ICVC* or terminating a *sub-fund* under *FCA rules*, assuming *FCA* approval.

Notes: N = Notice to be given to the *FCA* under regulation 21 of *OEIC Regulations*

E = commencement of winding up or termination

W/U = winding up

FAP = final accounting period (COLL 7.3.8 R(4))

Step number	Explanation	When	COLL rule (unless stated otherwise)
1	Commence preparation of solvency statement	N-28 days	7.3.5 (2)
2	Send audited solvency statement to the <i>FCA</i> with copy to <i>depository</i>	By N + 21 days	7.3.5 (4) and (5)
3	Receive the <i>FCA</i> approval	N + one month	Regulation 21 of <i>OEIC Regulations</i>
4	Normal business ceases; notify <i>unitholders</i>	E	7.3.6
5	Realise proceeds, wind up, instruct <i>depository</i> accordingly	ASAP after E	7.3.7
6	Prepare final account or termination account & have account audited	On completion of W/U or termination	7.3.8
7	Send final account or termination account and auditor's report to the <i>FCA</i> & <i>unitholders</i>	Within 4 months of FAP	7.3.8(6)
8	Request <i>FCA</i> to revoke relevant <i>authorisation order</i> or update its records	On completion of W/U or termination	7.3.7(9)

When an ICVC is to be wound up or a sub-fund terminated or wound up

7.3.4

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- (1) An *ICVC* must not be wound up except:
 - (a) under this section; or
 - (b) as an unregistered company under Part V of the Insolvency Act 1986.
- (1A) A *sub-fund* must not:
 - (a) be terminated except under this section; or
 - (b) wound up except under Part V of the Insolvency Act 1986 (as modified by regulation 33C of the *OEIC Regulations*) as an unregistered company.
- (2) An *ICVC* must not be wound up or a *sub-fund* terminated under this section if there is a vacancy in the position of *ACD*.
- (3) An *ICVC* must not be wound up or a *sub-fund* terminated under this section:
 - (a) unless and until effect may be given, under regulation 21 of the *OEIC Regulations*, to proposals to wind up the affairs of the *ICVC* or to proposals to make the alterations to the *ICVC's instrument of incorporation* and *prospectus* that will be required if a *sub-fund* is terminated; and
 - (b) unless a statement has been prepared and sent or delivered to the *FCA* under ■ COLL 7.3.5 R (Solvency statement) and received by the *FCA* prior to satisfaction of the condition in (a).
- (4) Subject to (3) and the subsequent provisions of this section, the appropriate steps to wind up an *ICVC* or terminate a *sub-fund* under this section must be taken:
 - (a) if an *extraordinary resolution* to that effect is passed; or
 - (b) when the period (if any) fixed for the duration of the *ICVC* or the *sub-fund* by the *instrument of incorporation* expires or any event occurs, for which the *instrument of incorporation* provides that the *ICVC* or the *sub-fund* is to be wound up or terminated; or
 - (c) on the date stated in any agreement by the *FCA* in response to a request from the *directors* for the winding up of the *ICVC* or a request for the termination of the *sub-fund*; or
 - (d) on the effective date of a duly approved *scheme of arrangement* which is to result in the *ICVC* ceasing to hold any *scheme property*; or
 - (e) in the case of a *sub-fund*, on the effective date of a duly approved *scheme of arrangement* which is to result in the *sub-fund* ceasing to hold any *scheme property*; or
 - (f) in the case of an *ICVC* that is an *umbrella*, on the date on which all of its *sub-funds* fall within (e) or have otherwise ceased to hold any *scheme property*, notwithstanding that the *ICVC* may have assets and liabilities that are not attributable to any particular *sub-fund*.

Solvency statement

7.3.5

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- (1) Before notice is given to the *FCA* under regulation 21 of the *OEIC Regulations* of the proposals referred to in ■ COLL 7.3.4 R (3), the *directors* must make a full enquiry into the *ICVC's* or, in the case of termination of a *sub-fund*, the *sub-fund's* affairs, business and property to determine whether the *ICVC* or the *sub-fund* will be able to meet all its liabilities.
- (2) The *ACD* must then, based on the results of this enquiry, prepare a statement either:
 - (a) confirming that the *ICVC* or the *sub-fund* will be able to meet all its liabilities within twelve *months* of the date of the statement; or
 - (b) stating that such confirmation cannot be given.
- (3) This solvency statement must:
 - (a) relate to the *ICVC's* or the *sub-fund's* affairs, business and property at a date no more than 28 *days* before the date on which notice is given to the *FCA*;
 - (b) if there is more than one *director*, be approved by the board of *directors* and signed on their behalf by the *ACD*; and
 - (c) if it contains the confirmation under (2)(a), be signed by at least one other *director* or, if there is no *director* other than the *ACD*, be signed by the *ACD*.
- (4) A statement which contains the confirmation under (2)(a) must annex a statement signed by the auditor appointed under Schedule 5 to the *OEIC Regulations* (Auditors) to the effect that, in his opinion, the enquiry required by (1) has been properly made and is fairly reflected by the confirmation.
- (5) The solvency statement must be sent or delivered to the *FCA* and the *depository* no later than 21 *days* after notice is given to the *FCA* in accordance with regulation 21 of the *OEIC Regulations*.

Consequences of commencement of winding up or termination

7.3.6

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- (1) Winding up or termination must commence once the conditions referred to in ■ COLL 7.3.4 R (3) are both satisfied or, if later, once the events in ■ COLL 7.3.4 R (4) have occurred.
- (2) Once winding up or termination has commenced:
 - (a) ■ COLL 6.2 (Dealing), ■ COLL 6.3 (Valuation and pricing), ■ COLL 6.6.20R to ■ COLL 6.6.24G (Assessment of value) and ■ COLL 5 (Investment and borrowing powers) cease to apply to the *ICVC* or to the *units* and *scheme property* in the case of a *sub-fund*;
 - (b) the *ICVC* must cease to *issue* and *cancel units*, except in respect of the final *cancellation* under ■ COLL 7.3.7 R (5);
 - (c) the *ACD* must cease to *sell* or *redeem units* or to arrange for the *issue* or *cancellation* of units, except in respect of the final *cancellation* under ■ COLL 7.3.7 R (5);

- (d) no transfer of a *unit* may be registered and no other change to the *register of unitholders* may be made without the sanction of the *directors*;
 - (e) where winding up an *ICVC*, the *ICVC* must cease to carry on its business, except for its beneficial winding up; and
 - (f) the corporate status and corporate powers of the *ICVC* and (subject to the preceding provisions of this *rule*) the powers of the *directors* continue until the *ICVC* is dissolved.
- (3) If the *ACD* has not previously notified *unitholders* of the proposal to wind up the *ICVC* or terminate the *sub-fund*, the *ACD* must, as soon as practicable after winding up or termination has commenced, give written notice of the commencement of the winding up or termination to the *unitholders*.

Manner of winding up or termination

- (1) [deleted]
- (2) The *ACD* must, as soon as practicable after winding up or termination has commenced, cause the *scheme property* to be realised and the liabilities of the *ICVC* or the *sub-fund* to be met out of the proceeds.
- (3) The *ACD* must instruct the *depository* how such proceeds (until utilised to meet liabilities or make distributions to *unitholders*) must be held and those instructions must be prepared with a view to the prudent protection of creditors and *unitholders* against loss.
- (4) Where sufficient liquid funds are available after making adequate provision for the expenses of the winding up or termination and the discharge of the *ICVC*'s or the *sub-fund*'s remaining liabilities, the *ACD* may arrange for the *depository* to make one or more interim distributions to the *unitholders* proportionately to the right of their respective *units* to participate in *scheme property* at the commencement of the winding up or termination.
- (5) On or before the date on which the final account is sent to *unitholders* in accordance with ■ COLL 7.3.8 R (Final account and termination account), the *ACD* must arrange for all *units* in issue to be *cancelled* and for the *depository* to make a final distribution to the *unitholders*, in the same proportions as provided by (4), of the balance remaining (net of a provision for any further expenses of the *ICVC* or *sub-fund*).
- (6) Paragraphs (2) to (5) are subject to the terms of any *scheme of arrangement* sanctioned by an *extraordinary resolution* passed on or before the commencement of the winding up or termination.
- (7) Where the *ICVC* and one or more *unitholders* (other than the *ACD*) agree, the requirement in (2) to realise the *scheme property* does not apply to that part of the *scheme property* which is proportionate to the right to participate in *scheme property* of that or those *unitholders*

- (8) In the case of (7), the *ACD* must cause the *ICVC* to distribute that part of the *scheme property* in specie to that or those *unitholders* in proportion to their respective rights to participate, this distribution being effected after making adjustments and retaining such provision as appears to the *ACD* appropriate to ensure that those *unitholders* bear the proportion of the liabilities and the expenses of the distribution attributable to their *units*.
- (9) The *depository* must notify the *FCA* once the winding up of the *ICVC* or the termination of a *sub-fund* (including compliance with ■ COLL 7.3.8 R is complete and at the same time the *ACD* or the *depository* must request the *FCA* to revoke the relevant *authorisation order* (on the winding up of an *ICVC*) or to update its records (on the termination of a *sub-fund* of an *ICVC*).
- (10) Where any sum of *money* stands to the account of the *ICVC* at the date of its dissolution or a *sub-fund* at the date of its termination, the *ACD* must arrange for the *depository* to pay or lodge that sum within one *month* after that date in accordance with regulation 33(4) or (5) of the *OEIC Regulations* (Dissolution in other circumstances).
- (11) [deleted]
- (12) [deleted]
- (13) [deleted]
- (14) [deleted]
- (15) [deleted]

7.3.7A

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For the purposes of this section an *ICVC* may be treated as having been wound up or a *sub-fund* terminated upon completion, where relevant, of all of the steps in (1) to (3):

- (1) payment or adequate provision being made (by the *ACD*) to cover the expenses relating to the winding up or termination and all liabilities of the *scheme*;
- (2) the *scheme property* being realised or distributed in accordance with ■ COLL 7.3.7 R (8); and
- (3) the net proceeds being distributed to the *unitholders* named in the *register* on the date on which winding up or termination commenced, or provision being made in respect of the final distribution.

Final account and termination account

7.3.8

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- (1) Once the *ICVC's* affairs are wound up or termination of the *sub-fund* has been completed (including distribution or provision for distribution in accordance with ■ COLL 7.3.7 R (5)), the *ACD* must prepare an account of the winding up or termination showing:
 - (a) how it has been conducted; and
 - (b) how the *scheme property* has been disposed of.

- (2) The account in (1) must be, if there is:
 - (a) more than one *director*, approved by the board of *directors* and be signed on their behalf by the *ACD* and at least one other *director*; or
 - (b) no *director* other than the *ACD*, signed by the *ACD*.
- (3) Once signed, this account is the "final account" for the purposes of the winding up of an *ICVC* and the "termination account" for the purposes of the termination of a *sub-fund*.
- (4) The final account must state the date on which the *ICVC*'s affairs were wound up and the date stated must be regarded as the final *day* of the accounting period of the *ICVC* then running ('final accounting period') for the purpose of ■ COLL 4.5.
- (4A) The termination account must state the date on which the *sub-fund*'s affairs were terminated.
- (5) The *ACD* must ensure that the *ICVC*'s auditor makes a report in respect of the final account or termination account, which states the auditor's opinion whether the final account or termination account has been properly prepared for the purpose of (1).
- (6) Within four *months* of the date of the completion of the winding up of the *ICVC* or termination of the *sub-fund*, the *ACD* must send a copy of the final account or termination account and the auditor's report on it to the *FCA* and to each *person* who was a *unitholder* (or the first named of joint *unitholders*) immediately before the winding up or termination commenced.

Duty to ascertain liabilities

7.3.9

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- (1) The *ACD* must use all reasonable endeavours to ensure that all the liabilities of the *ICVC* or the *sub-fund* are discharged before the completion of the winding up or termination.
- (2) The duty in (1) relates to all liabilities of which the *ACD*:
 - (a) is, or becomes, aware before the completion of the winding up or termination; or
 - (b) would have become aware before the completion of the winding up or termination had it used all reasonable endeavours to ascertain the liabilities.
- (3) If the *ACD* rejects any claim against the *ICVC* or the *sub-fund* in whole or part or against the *ICVC* or the *sub-fund* in respect of a liability in whole or part, the *ACD* must immediately send to the claimant written notice of its reasons for doing so.

Reports and accounts

7.3.10

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- (1) [deleted]
- (1A) [deleted]

- (2) For any *annual accounting period* or *half-yearly accounting period* which begins after commencement of the winding up or termination, a copy of the long report must be supplied free of charge to any *unitholder* upon request.
- (3) The *ACD* must ensure that it keeps *unitholders* appropriately informed about the winding up or termination including, if known, its likely duration.
- (4) The *ACD* must send a copy of the information required by (3) to each *person* who was a *unitholder* or the first named of joint *unitholders* immediately before the winding up or termination commenced, unless a final distribution has been made in accordance with ■ COLL 7.3.7 R (5).

7.3.10A **G**

- (1) The effect of ■ COLL 7.3.10R is that the *ACD* must continue to prepare annual and half-yearly long reports and to make them available to *unitholders* in accordance with ■ COLL 4.5.14 R.
- (2) Where there are outstanding unrealised assets, keeping *unitholders* appropriately informed may, for example, be carried out by providing updates at six-monthly or more frequent intervals.

Liabilities of the ACD

7.3.11 **R**

- (1) Except to the extent that the *ACD* can show that it has complied with ■ COLL 7.3.9 R (Duty to ascertain liabilities), the *ACD* is personally liable to meet any liability of an *ICVC* or a *sub-fund*, of which it is the *ACD*, wound up or terminated under this section (whether or not the *ICVC* has been dissolved or, in the case of the *sub-fund*, termination has been completed) that was not discharged before the completion of the winding up or termination.
- (2) Where winding up an *ICVC*, if the proceeds of the realisation of the assets attributable, or allocated to a particular *sub-fund* of an *umbrella ICVC* are insufficient to meet the liabilities attributable or allocated to that *sub-fund*, the *ACD* must pay to the *ICVC*, for the account of that *sub-fund* the amount of the deficit, unless and to the extent that the *ACD* can show that the deficit did not arise as a result of any failure by the *ACD* to comply with the *rules* in *COLL*.
- (3) The liabilities of the *ACD* under this *rule* create a debt (in England and Wales in the nature of a specialty) accruing due from it on the completion of the winding up or termination and payable upon the demand of the creditor in question (including the *ICVC* in the circumstances described in (2)).
- (4) The obligations of the *ACD* under this *rule* do not affect any other obligation of the *ACD* under these *rules* or the general law.

7.3.12 **R**

[deleted]

Miscellaneous

7.3.13

R

(1) If:

- (a) during the course, or as a result, of the enquiry referred to in ■ COLL 7.3.5 R (1) (Solvency statement), the *directors* become of the opinion that it will not be possible to provide the confirmation referred to in (2)(a) of that *rule*; or
- (b) after winding up or termination has commenced, the *ACD* becomes of the opinion that the *ICVC* or the *sub-fund* will be unable to meet all its liabilities within twelve *months* of the date of the statement provided under (a) of ■ COLL 7.3.5 R (2);

the *directors* must immediately present a petition or cause the *ICVC* or *sub-fund* to present a petition for the winding up of the *ICVC* or *sub-fund* as an unregistered company under Part V of the Insolvency Act 1986.

(2) If, after the commencement of a winding up or termination under this chapter and before notice of completion of the winding up or termination has been sent to the *FCA*, there is a vacancy in the position of *ACD*:

- (a) the directors of the *ICVC* must immediately present or cause the *ICVC* or *sub-fund* to present; or
- (b) if there are no *directors*, the *depository* must immediately present;

a petition for the winding up of the *ICVC* or *sub-fund* as an unregistered company under Part V of the Insolvency Act 1986.



7.4 Winding up an AUT and terminating a sub-fund of an AUT

Explanation of COLL 7.4

7.4.1

G

- (1) This section deals with the circumstances and manner in which an *AUT* is to be wound up or a *sub-fund* of an *AUT* is to be terminated. Under section 256 of the *Act* (Requests for revocation of authorisation order), the *manager* or *trustee* of an *AUT* may request the *FCA* to revoke the *authorisation order* in respect of that *AUT*. Section 257 of the *Act* (Directions) gives the *FCA* the power to make certain directions.
- (2) The termination of a *sub-fund* under this section will be subject to section 251 of the *Act* (Alteration of schemes and changes of manager or trustee). Termination can only commence once the proposed alterations to the *trust deed* and *prospectus* have been notified to the *FCA* in writing and permitted to take effect. On termination, the assets of the *sub-fund* will normally be realised, and the *unitholders* in the *sub-fund* will receive their respective share of the proceeds net of liabilities and the expenses of the termination.
- (3) An *AUT* or a *sub-fund* of an *AUT* may also be wound up or terminated in connection with a *scheme of arrangement*. *unitholders* will become entitled to receive *units* in another *regulated collective investment scheme* in exchange for their *units*.
- (4) ■ COLL 7.4.2A G gives an overview of the main steps in winding up an *AUT* or terminating a *sub-fund* under *FCA rules*, assuming *FCA* approval.

Special meanings for termination of a sub-fund of an AUT

7.4.2

R

In this section, where a *sub-fund* of an *AUT* is being terminated, references to:

- (1) *units*, are references to *units* of the *class* or *classes* related to the *sub-fund* to be terminated;
- (2) a resolution or *extraordinary resolution*, are references to such a resolution passed at a meeting of *unitholders* of *units* of the *class* or *classes* referred to in (1);
- (3) *scheme property*, are references to the *scheme property* allocated or attributable to the *sub-fund* to be terminated; and

- (4) liabilities, are references to liabilities of the *AUT* allocated or attributable to the *sub-fund* to be terminated.

Guidance on winding up or termination

7.4.2A

G

This table belongs to ■ COLL 7.4.1 G (4) (Explanation of COLL 7.4)

Summary of the main steps in winding up an *AUT* or terminating a *sub-fund* under *FCA rules*

Notes: N = Notice to be given to the *FCA* under section 251 of the *Act*.

E = commencement of winding up or termination

W/U = winding up

FAP = final accounting period (COLL 7.4.5 R (4))

Step number	Explanation	When	<i>COLL rule</i> (unless stated otherwise)
1	Receive <i>FCA</i> approval	N + one <i>month</i> On receipt of notice from the <i>FCA</i>	Section 251 of the <i>Act</i>
2	Normal business ceases; notify <i>unitholders</i>	E	7.4.3R
3	<i>Trustee</i> to realise and distribute proceeds	ASAP after E	7.4.4R(1) to (5)
4	Send annual long report of <i>manager</i> and <i>trustee</i> to the <i>FCA</i>	Within 4 <i>months</i> of FAP	7.4.5R(5)
5	Request <i>FCA</i> to revoke relevant <i>authorisation order</i>	On completion of W/U	7.4.4R(6)

When an AUT is to be wound up or a sub-fund terminated

7.4.3

R

- (1) Upon the happening of any of the events or dates referred to in (2) and not otherwise:
- (a) ■ COLL 6.2 (Dealing), ■ COLL 6.3 (Valuation and pricing), ■ COLL 6.6.20R to ■ COLL 6.6.24G (Assessment of value) and ■ COLL 5 (Investment and borrowing powers) cease to apply to the *AUT* or to the *units* and *scheme property* in the case of a *sub-fund*;
 - (b) the *trustee* must cease to *issue* and *cancel units*, except in respect of the final *cancellation* under ■ COLL 7.4.4 R (1) or ■ (2);
 - (c) the *manager* must cease to *sell* and redeem *units*;
 - (d) the *manager* must cease to arrange the *issue* or *cancellation of units* under ■ COLL 6.2.7 R (Issue and cancellation of units through an authorised fund manager), except in respect of the final *cancellation* under ■ COLL 7.4.4 R (1) or ■ (2);
- (dA) no transfer of a *unit* may be registered and no other change to the *register of unitholders* may be made without the approval of the *person* responsible for the *register* in accordance with ■ COLL 6.4.4 R (1); and

- (e) the *trustee* must proceed to wind up the *AUT* or terminate the *sub-fund* in accordance with ■ COLL 7.4.4 R.
- (1A) If the *manager* has not previously notified *unitholders* of the proposal to wind up the *AUT* or terminate the *sub-fund*, it must as soon as practicable after winding up or termination has commenced give written notice of the commencement of the winding up or termination to the *unitholders*.
- (2) The events referred to in (1) are:
 - (a) the *authorisation order* of the *AUT* is revoked;
 - (b) alterations to the *AUT's trust deed* and *prospectus* that will be required if the *sub-fund* is terminated taking effect in accordance with section 251 of the *Act*;
 - (c) the passing of an *extraordinary resolution* winding up the *AUT* or terminating the *sub-fund*, provided *FCA's* prior consent to the resolution has been obtained by the *manager* or *trustee*;
 - (d) in response to a request to the *FCA* by the *manager* or the *trustee* for the revocation of the *authorisation order*, the *FCA* has agreed, subject to there being no material change in any relevant factor, that, on the conclusion of the winding up of the *AUT*, the *FCA* will agree to that request;
 - (e) the expiration of any period specified in the *trust deed* as the period at the end of which the *AUT* is to be wound up or the *sub-fund* is to terminate;
 - (f) the effective date of a duly approved *scheme of arrangement*, which is to result in the *AUT* or *sub-fund* that is subject to the *scheme of arrangement* being left with no property; or
 - (g) the date on which a *relevant pension scheme* is notified in writing by The Pensions Regulator that the *scheme* is no longer registered under the Welfare and Pensions Reform Act 1999 as a *stakeholder pension scheme*.
- (3) This *rule* is without prejudice to ■ COLL 7.2.1 R(Requirement) and to any order or direction made under section 257 or 258 of the *Act*.

Manner of winding up or termination

7.4.4

R

- (1) Where ■ COLL 7.4.3 R(2) (f) applies, the *trustee* must *cancel* all *units* in issue and wind up the *AUT* or terminate the *sub-fund* in accordance with the approved *scheme of arrangement*.
- (2) In any other case falling within ■ COLL 7.4.3 R:
 - (a) once the *AUT* falls to be wound up or *sub-fund* terminated, the *trustee* must realise the *scheme property*;
 - (b) after paying out or retaining adequate provision for all liabilities payable and for the costs of the winding up or termination, the *trustee* must *cancel* all *units* in issue and distribute the proceeds of that realisation to the *unitholders* and the *manager* proportionately to their respective interests in the *AUT* or *sub-fund* as at the date, or the date of the relevant event referred to in ■ COLL 7.4.3 R; and

- (c) any unclaimed net proceeds or other cash (including unclaimed distribution payments) held by the *trustee* after one year from the date on which they became payable must be paid by the *trustee* into court (or, in Scotland, as the court may direct), subject to the *trustee* having a right to retain any expenses properly incurred by him relating to that payment.
- (3) For an *AUT* which is a *relevant pension scheme*, payments must not be made to *unitholders* in the *AUT*, the realisation proceeds having to be paid by the *trustee* in accordance with the *trust deed*.
- (4) Where the *trustee* and one or more *unitholders* agree, the requirement in (2) to realise the *scheme property* does not apply to that part of the property proportionate to the entitlement of that or those *unitholders*.
- (5) The *trustee* must distribute the part of the *scheme property* referred to in (4) in the form of property, after making adjustments or retaining provisions as appears appropriate to the *trustee* for ensuring that, that or those *unitholders* bear a proportional share of the liabilities and costs.
- (6) On completion of the winding up in respect of the events referred to in ■ COLL 7.4.3 R (2)(c), ■ COLL 7.4.3 R (2)(d), ■ COLL 7.4.3 R (2)(e) or ■ COLL 7.4.3 R (2) (f), the *trustee* must notify the *FCA* in writing and at the same time the *manager* or *trustee* must request the *FCA* to revoke the relevant *authorisation order*.

7.4.4A

G

For the purposes of this section, an *AUT* may be treated as having been wound up or a *sub-fund* terminated upon completion, where relevant, of all of the steps in (1) to (3):

- (1) payment or adequate provision being made (by the *trustee* after consulting the *manager*) to cover the expenses relating to the winding up or termination and all liabilities of the *scheme*;
- (2) the *scheme property* being realised or distributed in accordance with ■ COLL 7.4.4 R (5); and
- (3) the net proceeds being distributed to the *unitholders* named in the *register* on the date on which winding up or termination commenced, or provision being made in respect of the final distribution.

Accounting and reports during winding up or termination.....

7.4.5

R

- (1) [deleted]
- (1A) [deleted]
- (2) For any *annual accounting period* or *half-yearly accounting period* which begins after commencement of the winding up or termination, a copy of the long report must be supplied free of charge to any *unitholder* upon request.

- (2A) The *manager* must ensure that it keeps *unitholders* appropriately informed about the winding up or termination, including its likely duration.
- (2B) The *manager* must send a copy of the information required by ■ COLL 7.4.5 R (2A) to each *person* who was a *unitholder* or the first named of joint *unitholders* immediately before the winding up or termination commenced, unless a final distribution has been made in accordance with ■ COLL 7.4.4 R (2)(b).
- (3) [deleted]
- (4) At the conclusion of the winding up or termination, the accounting period then running is regarded as the final *annual accounting period*.
- (5) Within four *months* after the end of the final *annual accounting period* or the termination of the *sub-fund*, the annual reports of the *manager* and *trustee* must be published and sent to the *FCA*.
- (6) The *manager* must, on publication of the annual long report in (5), write to each *person* who was a *unitholder* or the first named of joint *unitholders* immediately before the commencement of winding up or termination to inform them that the annual long report is available free-of-charge on request.

7.4.6

G

- (1) The effect of ■ COLL 7.4.5R is that the *manager* must continue to prepare annual and half-yearly long reports and to make them available to *unitholders* in accordance with ■ COLL 4.5.14 R.
- (2) Where there are outstanding unrealised assets, keeping *unitholders* appropriately informed may, for example, be carried out by providing updates to *unitholders* at six-monthly or more frequent intervals.



7.4A Winding up a solvent ACS and terminating a sub-fund of a co-ownership scheme

7.4A.1

G

Explanation of COLL 7.4A

- (1) This section deals with the circumstances and manner in which an ACS is to be wound up or a *sub-fund* of a *co-ownership scheme* is to be terminated otherwise than by the court as an unregistered company under the Insolvency Act 1986 or the Insolvency (Northern Ireland) Order 1989 (further *rules* regarding *schemes of arrangement* are found in ■ COLL 7.6 (Schemes of arrangement)).
- (2) An ACS may be wound up under this section only if it is solvent. Under section 261W of the *Act* (Requests for revocation of authorisation order), the *authorised contractual scheme manager* or *depository* of an ACS may request the *FCA* to revoke the *authorisation order* in respect of that ACS. The *FCA* may then indicate that, subject to there being no change in any relevant factor, on the conclusion of the winding up of the ACS, the *FCA* will agree to that request. Section 261X of the *Act* (Directions) gives the *FCA* the power to make certain directions.
- (3) A *sub-fund* of a *co-ownership scheme* may be terminated under this section only if it is solvent. The termination of a *sub-fund* under this section will be subject to section 261Q of the *Act* (Alteration of contractual schemes and changes of operator or depository). Termination can only commence once the proposed alterations to the *contractual scheme deed* and *prospectus* have been notified to the *FCA* in writing and permitted to take effect. On termination, the assets of a *sub-fund* will normally be realised, and the *unitholders* in the *sub-fund* will receive their respective share of the proceeds net of liabilities and the expenses of the termination.
- (4) An ACS or a *sub-fund* of a *co-ownership scheme* may also be wound up or terminated in connection with a *scheme of arrangement*. The requirements of section 261Q also apply in relation to a proposal that an ACS or a *sub-fund* of a *co-ownership scheme* be involved in a *scheme of arrangement*. *unitholders* will become entitled to receive *units* in another *regulated collective investment scheme* in exchange for their *units*.
- (5) ■ COLL 7.4A.3 G gives an overview of the main steps in winding up a solvent ACS or terminating a *sub-fund* of a *co-ownership scheme* under *FCA rules*, assuming *FCA approval*.

Special meanings in this section

7.4A.2

R

- (1) In this section, where a *sub-fund* of a *co-ownership scheme* is being terminated, references to:
 - (a) *units*, are references to *units* of the *class* or *classes* related to the sub-fund to be terminated;
 - (b) a resolution, or *extraordinary resolution*, are references to such a resolution passed at a meeting of *unitholders* of *units* of the *class* or *classes* referred to in (1);
 - (c) *scheme property*, are references to the *scheme property* allocated or attributable to the *sub-fund* to be terminated; and
 - (d) *liabilities*, are references to liabilities of the *co-ownership scheme* allocated or attributable to the *sub-fund* to be terminated.
- (2) In this section:
 - (a) a "section 261Q case" refers to:
 - (i) a case where a *sub-fund* of a *co-ownership scheme* is to be terminated otherwise than in connection with a *scheme of arrangement*; or
 - (ii) a case where an *ACS* or a *sub-fund* of a *co-ownership scheme* is to be wound up or terminated in connection with a *scheme of arrangement*; and
 - (b) a "section 261W case" refers to a case where an *ACS* is to be wound up otherwise than in connection with a *scheme of arrangement*.

Guidance on winding up or termination

7.4A.3

G

This table belongs to ■ COLL 7.4A.1G (5) (Explanation of ■ COLL 7.4A)

Summary of the main steps in winding up an *ACS* or terminating a *sub-fund* of a *co-ownership scheme* under *FCA rules*

Notes: N = Notice to be given to the *FCA* under section 261Q of the *Act* in a section 261Q case.

R = Request to wind up the *scheme* under section 261W of the *Act* in a section 261W case.

E = commencement of winding up or termination

W/U = winding up

FAP = final accounting period

Step number	Explanation	When	<i>COLL rule</i> , (unless stated otherwise)
1	Commence preparation of solvency statement	N-28 days or R-28 days	7.4A.5R(2)
2	Send audited solvency statement to the <i>FCA</i> with copy to <i>depository</i> .	By N + 21 days or by R + 21 days	7.4A.5R(4) and (5)

3	<p>In a section 261Q case:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - the <i>authorised contractual scheme manager</i> receiving <i>FCA</i> approval; - or one month having passed after submitting the requisite notice under section 261Q of the <i>Act</i> without the <i>authorised contractual scheme manager</i> or <i>depository</i> having received from the <i>FCA</i> a warning notice under section 261R in respect of the proposal. 	<p>N + one <i>month</i> or R + one <i>month</i></p>	<p>Section 261Q of the <i>Act</i> (in a section 261Q case)</p> <p>7.4A.4R(3)(c) to (e) (in a section 261W case)</p>
	<p>In a section 261W case, the <i>authorised contractual scheme manager</i> or <i>depository</i> receives an indication from the <i>FCA</i> that, subject to there being no change in any relevant factor, on the conclusion of the winding up of the <i>ACS</i>, the <i>FCA</i> will agree to the request to wind up the <i>ACS</i>.</p>		
4	<p>Normal business ceases; notify <i>unitholders</i></p>	E	7.4A.4R
5	<p><i>Depository</i> to realise and distribute proceeds</p>	ASAP after E	7.4A.6R(1)-(5)
6	<p>Send annual long report of <i>authorised contractual scheme manager, depository</i> and auditor to the <i>FCA</i></p>	<p>Within 4 <i>months</i> of FAP</p>	7.4A.9R(7)

7	Request <i>FCA</i> to revoke relevant <i>authorisation order</i>	On completion of W/U	7.4A.6R(6)
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When an ACS is to be wound up or a sub-fund of a co-ownership scheme terminated

7.4A.4

R

- (1) Upon the happening of any of the matters or dates referred to in (3), and subject to the requirement of (4) being satisfied, and not otherwise:
 - (a) ■ COLL 6.2 (Dealing), ■ COLL 6.3 (Valuation and pricing), ■ COLL 6.6.20R to ■ COLL 6.6.24G (Assessment of value) and ■ COLL 5 (Investment and borrowing powers) cease to apply to the *ACS* or to the *units* and *scheme property* in the case of a *sub-fund* of a *co-ownership scheme*;
 - (b) the *depository* must cease to *issue* and *cancel units*, except in respect of the final *cancellation* under ■ COLL 7.4A.6R (1) or ■ COLL 7.4A.6R (2) (Manner of winding up or termination);
 - (c) the *authorised contractual scheme manager* must cease to *sell* and *redeem units*;
 - (d) the *authorised contractual scheme manager* must cease to arrange the *issue* or *cancellation* of *units* under ■ COLL 6.2.7 R (Issue and cancellation of units through an authorised fund manager), except in respect of the final *cancellation* under ■ COLL 7.4A.6R (1) or ■ (2);
 - (e) no transfer of a *unit* may be registered and no other change to the *register* of *unitholders* may be made without the approval of the *person* responsible for the *register* in accordance with ■ COLL 6.4.4 R (1) (Register: general requirements and contents); and
 - (f) the *depository* must proceed to wind up the *ACS* or terminate the *sub-fund* in accordance with ■ COLL 7.4A.6 R.
- (2) If the *authorised contractual scheme manager* has not previously notified *unitholders* of the proposal to wind up the *ACS* or terminate the *sub-fund* of the *co-ownership scheme*, it must as soon as practicable after winding up or termination has commenced give written notice of the commencement of the winding up or termination to the *unitholders*.
- (3) The matters referred to in (1) are:
 - (a) the *authorisation order* of the *ACS* is revoked;
 - (b) alterations to the *co-ownership scheme's contractual scheme deed* and *prospectus* that will be required if the *sub-fund* is terminated taking effect in accordance with section 261Q (Alteration of contractual schemes and changes of operator or depository) of the *Act*;
 - (c) the passing of an *extraordinary resolution* winding up the *ACS* or terminating the *sub-fund*, provided the *FCA's* prior consent to the resolution has been obtained by the *authorised contractual scheme manager* or *depository*;

7

- (d) in response to a request to the *FCA* by the *authorised contractual scheme manager* or the *depository* for the revocation of the *authorisation order*, the *FCA* has agreed, subject to there being no material change in any relevant factor, that, on the conclusion of the winding up of the *ACS*, the *FCA* will agree to that request;
 - (e) the expiration of any period specified in the *contractual scheme deed* as the period at the end of which the *ACS* is to be wound up or the *sub-fund* is to terminate;
 - (f) the effective date of a duly approved *scheme of arrangement*, which is to result in the *ACS* or *sub-fund* that is subject to the *scheme of arrangement* being left with no property;
 - (g) in the case of a *co-ownership scheme* that is an *umbrella*, the date on which all or the last of its *sub-funds* fall within (f) or have otherwise ceased to hold any *scheme property*, notwithstanding that the *co-ownership scheme* may have assets and liabilities that are not attributable exclusively to any particular *sub-fund*.
- (4) An *ACS* must not be wound up nor a *sub-fund* terminated under this section unless the requirements of both (a) and (b) are satisfied:
- (a) An *ACS* must not be wound up nor a *sub-fund* terminated under this section unless and until:
 - (i) in a section 261Q case either:
 - (A) the *FCA* has given written approval to the proposal; or
 - (B) one *month* has passed since the *authorised contractual scheme manager* gave notice under section 261Q without the *authorised contractual scheme manager* or *depository* having received from the *FCA* a warning notice under section 261R in respect of the proposal; or
 - (ii) in a section 261W case, the *FCA* indicates that, subject to there being no change in any relevant factor, on the conclusion of the winding up of the *ACS*, the *FCA* will agree to the request to wind up the *ACS*.
 - (b) In addition an *ACS* must not be wound up nor a *sub-fund* terminated under this section unless a statement has been prepared and sent or delivered to the *FCA* under ■ COLL 7.4A.5 R (Solvency statement) and received by the *FCA* prior to the satisfaction of the condition in (a).
- (5) This *rule* is without prejudice to:
- (a) ■ COLL 7.2.1 R (Requirement); or
 - (b) any order or direction made under section 261X (Directions) or 261Y (Applications to the court) of the *Act*; or
 - (c) any alternative method (aside from the *rules* in this section) of winding up a *limited partnership scheme* provided for by the law.

Solvency statement

7.4A.5

R

- (1) Either before notice is given under section 261Q of the *Act* or before a request is made under section 261W of the *Act* in relation to the proposals referred to in ■ COLL 7.4A.4R (4), the *authorised contractual*

scheme manager must make a full inquiry into the ACS's (or, in the case of the termination of a *sub-fund* of a *co-ownership scheme*, the *sub-fund's*) affairs, business and property to establish whether the ACS or the *sub-fund* will be able to meet all its liabilities.

- (2) The *authorised contractual scheme manager* must then, based on the results of this enquiry, prepare and sign a statement either:
 - (a) confirming that the ACS or the *sub-fund* of the *co-ownership scheme* will be able to meet all its liabilities within twelve *months* of the date of the statement; or
 - (b) stating that such confirmation cannot be given.
- (3) This solvency statement must relate to the ACS's or the *sub-fund's* affairs, business and property at a date no more than 28 *days* before the date on which notice is given to the FCA under section 261Q or a request is made under section 261W.
- (4) A statement which contains the confirmation under (2) must annex a statement signed by the auditor of the ACS to the effect that, in his opinion, the enquiry required by (1) has been properly made and is fairly reflected by the confirmation.
- (5) The solvency statement must be sent or delivered to the FCA and the *depository* no later than 21 *days* after notice is given to the FCA in accordance with section 261Q of the Act or the request made in accordance with section 261W of the Act.

Manner of winding up or termination

7.4A.6

R

- (1) Where ■ COLL 7.4A.4R (3)(f) applies, the *depository* must *cancel* all *units* in issue and wind up the ACS or terminate the *sub-fund* of the *co-ownership scheme* in accordance with the approved *scheme of arrangement*.
- (2) In any other case falling within ■ COLL 7.4A.4 R:
 - (a) once the ACS falls to be wound up or *sub-fund* terminated, the *depository* must realise the *scheme property*;
 - (b) after paying out or retaining adequate provision for all liabilities payable and for the costs of the winding up or termination, the *depository* must *cancel* all *units* in issue and distribute the proceeds of that realisation to the *unitholders* and the *authorised contractual scheme manager* proportionately to their respective interests in the ACS or *sub-fund* as at the date, or the date of the relevant event referred to in ■ COLL 7.4A.4 R; and
 - (c) any unclaimed net proceeds or other cash (including unclaimed distribution payments) held by the *depository* after one year from the date on which they became payable must be paid by the *depository* into court (or, in Scotland, as the court may direct), subject to the *depository* having a right to retain any expenses properly incurred by him relating to that payment.
- (3) For an ACS which is a *relevant pension scheme*, payments must not be made to *unitholders* in the ACS. The realisation proceeds must be paid by the *depository* in accordance with the *contractual scheme deed*.

- (4) Where the *depository* and one or more *unitholders* agree, the requirement in (2) to realise the *scheme property* does not apply to that part of the property proportionate to the entitlement of that or those *unitholders*.
- (5) The *depository* must distribute the part of the *scheme property* referred to in (4) in the form of property, after making adjustments or retaining provisions as appears appropriate to the *depository* for ensuring that that or those *unitholders* bear a proportional share of the liabilities and costs.
- (6) On completion of the winding up in respect of the matters referred to in ■ COLL 7.4A.4R (3)(c) to ■ (g), the *depository* must notify the *FCA* in writing and at the same time the *authorised contractual scheme manager* or *depository* must request the *FCA* to revoke the relevant *authorisation order*.

7.4A.7

G

For the purposes of this section, an ACS may be treated as having been wound up or a *sub-fund* of a *co-ownership scheme* terminated upon completion, where relevant, of all of the steps in (1) to (3):

- (1) payment or adequate provision being made (by the *depository* after consulting the *authorised contractual scheme manager*) to cover the expenses relating to the winding up or termination and all liabilities of the *scheme*;
- (2) the *scheme property* being realised or distributed in accordance with ■ COLL 7.4A.6R (5); and
- (3) the net proceeds being distributed to the *unitholders* named in the *register* on the date on which winding up or termination commenced, or provision being made in respect of the final distribution.

Duty to ascertain liabilities

7.4A.8

R

- (1) The *authorised contractual scheme manager* must use all reasonable endeavours to ensure that all the liabilities of the ACS or the *sub-fund* of a *co-ownership scheme* are discharged before the completion of the winding up or termination.
- (2) The duty in (1) relates to all liabilities of which the *authorised contractual scheme manager*:
 - (a) is, or becomes, aware before the completion of the winding up or termination; or
 - (b) would have become aware before the completion of the winding up or termination had it used all reasonable endeavours to ascertain the liabilities.
- (3) If the *authorised contractual scheme manager* rejects any claim or liability against the ACS or the *sub-fund* in whole or part, the *authorised contractual scheme manager* must immediately send to the claimant written notice of its reasons for doing so.

Accounting and reports during winding up or termination

7.4A.9

R

- (1) [deleted]
- (2) [deleted]
- (3) For any *annual accounting period* or *half-yearly accounting period* which begins after commencement of the winding up or termination, a copy of the long report must be supplied free of charge to any *unitholder* upon request.
- (4) The *authorised contractual scheme manager* must ensure that it keeps *unitholders* appropriately informed about the winding up or termination, including its likely duration.
- (5) The *authorised contractual scheme manager* must send a copy of the information required by (4) to each *person* who was a *unitholder* or the first named of joint *unitholders* immediately before the winding up or termination commenced, unless a final distribution has been made in accordance with ■ COLL 7.4A.6R (2)(b).
- (6) At the conclusion of the winding up or termination, the accounting period then running is regarded as the final *annual accounting period*.
- (7) Within four *months* after the end of the final *annual accounting period* or the termination of the *sub-fund* of the *co-ownership scheme*, the annual reports of the *authorised contractual scheme manager* and *depository* must be published and sent to the *FCA*.
- (8) The *authorised contractual scheme manager* must, on publication of the annual long report in (7), write to each *person* who was a *unitholder* or the first named of joint *unitholders* immediately before the commencement of winding up or termination to inform them that the annual long report is available free of charge on request.

7.4A.10

G

- (1) The effect of ■ COLL 7.4A.9R is that the *authorised contractual scheme manager* must continue to prepare annual and half-yearly long reports and to make them available to *unitholders* in accordance with ■ COLL 4.5.14R (Publication and availability of annual and half-yearly long report).
- (2) Where there are outstanding unrealised assets, keeping *unitholders* appropriately informed may, for example, be carried out by providing updates to *unitholders* at six-monthly or more frequent intervals.

Liabilities of the authorised contractual scheme manager

7.4A.11

R

- (1) Except to the extent that the *authorised contractual scheme manager* can show that it has complied with ■ COLL 7.4A.8 R (Duty to ascertain liabilities), the *authorised contractual scheme manager* is personally liable to meet any liability of an *ACS* or a *sub-fund* of a *co-ownership scheme*, of which it is the *authorised contractual scheme manager*, wound up or terminated under this section (whether or not the winding up of the *ACS* or the termination of the *sub-fund* has been completed) that was not discharged before the completion of the winding up or termination.

- (2) Where winding up an ACS, if the proceeds of the realisation of the assets attributable or allocated to a particular *sub-fund* of an *umbrella co-ownership scheme* are insufficient to meet the liabilities attributable or allocated to that *sub-fund*, the *authorised contractual scheme manager* must pay to the ACS, for the account of that *sub-fund*, the amount of the deficit, unless and to the extent that the *authorised contractual scheme manager* can show that the deficit did not arise as a result of any failure by the *authorised contractual scheme manager* to comply with the *rules* in *COLL*.
- (3) The liabilities of the *authorised contractual scheme manager* under this *rule* create an accruing debt (in England and Wales in the nature of a specialty) due from it on the completion of the winding up or termination and payable upon the demand of the creditor in question (including the ACS in the circumstances described in (2)).
- (4) The obligations of the *authorised contractual scheme manager* under this *rule* do not affect any other obligation of the *authorised contractual scheme manager* under these *rules* or the law.

Miscellaneous

7.4A.12

R

If:

- (1) during the course, or as a result, of the enquiry referred to in ■ COLL 7.4A.5R (1) (Solvency statement), the *authorised contractual scheme manager* becomes of the opinion that it will not be possible to provide the confirmation referred to in (2)(a) of that *rule*; or
- (2) after winding up or termination has commenced, the *authorised contractual scheme manager* becomes of the opinion that the ACS or the *sub-fund* of a *co-ownership scheme* will be unable to meet all its liabilities within twelve *months* of the date of the statement provided under ■ COLL 7.4A.5R (2)(a);

the *authorised contractual scheme manager* must immediately present a petition or cause the ACS or *sub-fund* to present a petition for the winding up of the ACS or *sub-fund* as an unregistered company under the Insolvency Act 1986 or the Insolvency (Northern Ireland) Order 1989, as modified by the *Contractual Scheme Regulations*.



7.5 Schemes or sub-funds that are not commercially viable

Explanation of this section

7.5.1

G

- (1) The *FCA* expects that the majority of requests it will receive for the winding up of an *authorised fund* (under regulation 21(1) of the *OEIC Regulations* or under sections 256 or 261W of the *Act*) or termination of a *sub-fund* will be from *authorised fund managers* and *depositories* who consider that the *AUT*, *ACS*, *ICVC* or *sub-fund* in question is no longer commercially viable.
- (2) It is in *consumers'* interests to minimise, as far as possible, the period between which the *FCA* receives such requests and responds to them. To assist the *FCA* in arriving at a quick decision, based on all the relevant factors, it would be helpful for the *FCA* to receive the information listed at ■ COLL 7.5.2 G. Further information, however, may be requested by the *FCA* after receipt of the information, depending on the individual circumstances of the case.

Information to be provided to the FCA

7.5.2

G

The information referred to in ■ COLL 7.5.1 G is listed below:

- (1) the name of the *authorised fund* or *sub-fund*;
- (2) the size of the *authorised fund* or *sub-fund*;
- (3) the number of *unitholders*;
- (4) whether dealing in *units* has been suspended;
- (5) why the request is being made;
- (6) what consideration has been given to the *authorised fund* or *sub-fund* entering into a *scheme of arrangement* with another *regulated collective investment scheme* and the reasons why a *scheme of arrangement* is not feasible;
 - (7) (a) whether *unitholders* have been informed of the intention to seek termination, winding up or revocation; and
 - (b) if not, when they will be informed;
- (8) details of any proposed preferential switching rights offered or to be offered to *unitholders*;

- (9) details of any proposed rebate of charges to be made to *unitholders* who recently purchased *units*;
- (10) where the costs of winding up or termination will fall;
- (11) the *depository's*:
 - (a) statement whether having taken reasonable care it is certain that a *scheme of arrangement* is not feasible and explaining what steps have been considered that would result in the *authorised fund* or *sub-fund* not needing to wind up or terminate (for example, appointing a replacement *authorised fund manager*); and
 - (b) confirmation that it will not or does not expect to qualify a report made in accordance with ■ COLL 4.5.11 R (Report of the depository);
- (12) the preferred date for the *FCA's* determination to revoke authorisation or the date for the commencement of the winding up or termination; and
- (13) any additional information or material considered to be relevant to the *FCA's* decision under sections 251, 256, 261Q and 261W of the *Act* or regulation 21 of the *OEIC Regulations* (as appropriate).



7.6 Schemes of arrangement

Schemes of arrangement: explanation

7.6.1

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- (1) A proposal that an *authorised fund* should be involved in a *scheme of arrangement* is subject to written notice to and approval by the *FCA* under section 251 of the *Act* (Alteration of schemes and changes of manager or trustee), section 261Q of the *Act* (Alteration of contractual schemes and changes of operator or depositary) or regulation 21 of the *OEIC Regulations* (The Authority's approval for certain changes in respect of a company). Effect cannot be given to such a change except in accordance with that section or regulation.
- (2) The *issue of units* in exchange for assets as part of an approved *scheme of arrangement* is subject to:
 - () ■ COLL 6.2.5 R and ■ COLL 6.2.6 R (Issue and cancellation of units);
 - () ■ COLL 6.2.15 R (In specie issue and redemption); and
 - () ■ COLL 7.6.2 R (Scheme of arrangement: requirements).
- (3) ■ COLL 7.6.2 R (3) to ■ (6) apply to a *domestic UCITS merger* and *cross-border UCITS merger*. Arrangements constituting any such merger are in addition subject to the requirements of ■ COLL 7.7 (UCITS mergers), implementing the requirements of the *UCITS Directive*.

Schemes of arrangement: requirements

7.6.2

R

- (1) If a *scheme of arrangement* is entered into in relation to an *authorised fund* ("transferor fund") or a *sub-fund* of a *scheme* which is an *umbrella* ("transferor sub-fund"), an *authorised fund manager* must ensure that the *unitholders* of the transferor fund or *sub-fund* do not become *unitholders* of *units* in a *collective investment scheme* other than a *regulated collective investment scheme*.
- (2) For a *UCITS scheme* or a *sub-fund* of a *UCITS scheme*, (1) applies as if the reference to a *regulated collective investment scheme* also excludes any *recognised scheme* other than a *scheme* recognised under section 264 of the *Act* (Schemes constituted in other EEA States).
- (3) Where, for the purpose of a *scheme of arrangement*, it is proposed that *scheme property* of an *authorised fund* should become the property of another *regulated collective investment scheme* or *sub-fund* of a *regulated collective investment scheme*, the proposal must not be implemented without the sanction of an *extraordinary*

resolution of the unitholders in the authorised fund, unless (4) applies.

- (4) Where, for the purposes of a *scheme of arrangement*, it is proposed that *scheme property* attributable to a *sub-fund* of an *umbrella* should become the property of another *regulated collective investment scheme* or of another *sub-fund* of a *regulated collective investment scheme* (whether or not of that *umbrella*), the proposal must not be implemented without the sanction of:
- (a) an *extraordinary resolution* of the *unitholders* in the *sub-fund* of that *umbrella*; and
 - (b) (unless implementation of the *scheme of arrangement* is not likely to result in any material prejudice to the interests of the *unitholders* in any other *sub-fund* of that *umbrella*) an *extraordinary resolution* of the *unitholders* of *units* in that *umbrella*.
- (5) If it is proposed that an *authorised fund* or *sub-fund* of an *umbrella* should receive property (other than its first property) as a result of a *scheme of arrangement* (or an arrangement equivalent to a *scheme of arrangement*) which is entered into by some other *collective investment scheme* or *sub-fund*, or by a *body corporate*, the proposal must not be implemented without the sanction of an *extraordinary resolution* of the *unitholders* in the *authorised fund* or (as the case may be) of the *class* or *classes* of *units* related to the *sub-fund* unless (6) applies.
- (6) This paragraph (6) applies if the *directors* of the *ICVC* or the *authorised fund manager* and *depository* of the *AUT* or *ACS* agree that the receipt of the property concerned for the account of the *ICVC*, *AUT* or *ACS*:
- (a) is not likely to result in any material prejudice to the interests of the *unitholders* of the *authorised fund*;
 - (b) is consistent with the objectives of the *authorised fund* or *sub-fund*; and
 - (c) could be effected without any breach of a *rule* in
 - COLL 5(Investment and borrowing powers).



7.7 UCITS mergers

Application

7.7.1 **R** This section applies to an *ICVC*, an *authorised fund manager* of an *AUT*, *ACS* or *ICVC*, any other *director* of an *ICVC* and the *depository* of any such scheme where, in each case, the *AUT*, *ACS* or *ICVC* is a *UCITS scheme* that is a party to:

- (1) a *domestic UCITS merger*; or
- (2) a *cross-border UCITS merger*.

7.7.2 **G**

- (1) The effect of **COLL 7.7.1 R**, and in particular the narrow *Glossary* definition of *domestic UCITS merger* which is drafted in accordance with article 2.1(r) of the *UCITS Directive*, is that this section will not apply to a merger in the *United Kingdom* between two or more *UCITS schemes* unless one of them has been the subject of a *UCITS marketing notification*.
- (2) For arrangements to constitute a *cross-border UCITS merger*, at least two of the relevant *UCITS* must be:
 - (a) established in different *EEA States*; or
 - (b) established in the same *EEA State* and be merging into a newly constituted *UCITS* established in another *EEA State*.

References to a UCITS scheme

7.7.3 **R** In this section references to:

- (1) a *UCITS scheme*, a *merging UCITS*, a *receiving UCITS* or to an *EEA UCITS scheme* include the *sub-fund* of any such scheme;
- (2) the *management company* of an *EEA UCITS scheme* are to the *operator* of the scheme.

[**Note:** article 37 of the *UCITS Directive*]

UCITS mergers

7.7.4 **R** A *domestic UCITS merger* between two or more *UCITS schemes*, or a *cross-border UCITS merger* between one or more *UCITS schemes* which is or are the *merging UCITS* and one or more *EEA UCITS schemes*, is permissible provided:

- (1) it is effected in accordance with the requirements of:
 - (a) the *UCITS Regulations 2011*, which include the need for the *FCA* to have made a prior order approving the proposed merger (which may be made subject to (2)); and
 - (b) this chapter; and
- (2) in the case of a *UCITS scheme* that is:
 - (a) a *merging UCITS* in a *domestic or cross-border UCITS merger*, an *extraordinary resolution* is approved by *unitholders* in accordance with ■ COLL 7.6.2 R (3) and ■ (4) (Schemes of arrangement: requirements); and
 - (b) a *receiving UCITS* in a *domestic or cross-border UCITS merger*, the *authorised fund manager* and *depository* of the *AUT* or *ACS* and the *directors* of the *ICVC* comply with ■ COLL 7.6.2 R (5) and ■ (6).

[Note: articles 39(1), 39(4) and 44 first paragraph of the *UCITS Directive*]

Meetings of unitholders

7.7.5

G

- (1) The effect of ■ COLL 7.7.4 R (2)(a) is that the 75% majority that is needed in support for an *extraordinary resolution of unitholders* to be passed is without prejudice to the presence quorum that is required by ■ COLL 4.4.6 R (Quorum).
- (2) Any meeting of *unitholders* that is needed to give effect to a proposed *UCITS merger* is subject to the requirements of ■ COLL 4.4 (Meeting of unitholders and service of notices).

UCITS Regulations 2011

7.7.6

G

- (1) The requirements and the process which must be followed to give effect to a proposal for a *UCITS merger* as specified by Chapter VI of the *UCITS Directive* (see articles 37 to 48) have been implemented in the *United Kingdom* by the provisions of Part 4 of the *UCITS Regulations 2011*. The main features of the regime as set out in those provisions include:
 - (a) the different types of merger operation that will be recognised for a *UCITS merger*;
 - (b) the need for the *FCA* to give prior approval to the proposed merger under regulation 9 (Application for authorisation) of the *UCITS Regulations 2011*, where the arrangements proposed constitute either:
 - (i) a *domestic UCITS merger*; or
 - (ii) a *cross-border UCITS merger* in which the *merging UCITS* is a *UCITS scheme* (a *UK UCITS*);
 - (c) the information that has to be given to the *FCA* in order to obtain the approval under (b);
 - (d) the need for draft terms of merger to be prepared;
 - (e) the role of the relevant *depositories* and auditors;
 - (f) the need for appropriate and accurate information to be prepared for the benefit of *unitholders*;

(g) rights of *redemption* and suspension of *dealing* in *units* in the relevant *UCITS*; and

(h) the consequences of the proposed merger.

(2) *Firms* are advised that they do not need to seek approval from the *FCA* under section 251 (Alteration of schemes and changes of manager or trustee) or 261Q (Alteration of contractual schemes and changes of operator or depositary) of the *Act* or, as the case may be, regulation 21 (The Authority's approval for certain changes in respect of a company) of the *OEIC Regulations* where they are required to obtain the prior approval of the *FCA* to a proposed merger under regulation 9 of the *UCITS Regulations 2011*.

(3) [deleted]

Common draft terms of merger

7.7.7

R

(1) The *authorised fund manager* of a *UCITS* scheme that is a *merging UCITS* or a *receiving UCITS* in a proposed *UCITS* merger, must in conjunction with any other *authorised fund manager* or, as the case may be, *management company* of an *EEA UCITS* scheme that is a party to the proposed merger, draw up common draft terms of the proposed *UCITS* merger.

(2) The common draft terms in (1) must set out the following particulars:

(a) an identification of the type of *UCITS* merger and of the *UCITS* involved;

(b) the background to and the rationale for the proposed *UCITS* merger;

(c) the expected impact of the proposed *UCITS* merger on the *unitholders* of both the *merging UCITS* and the *receiving UCITS*;

(d) the criteria adopted for valuation of the assets and, where applicable, the liabilities of the *UCITS* on the date for calculating the exchange ratio as referred to in regulation 13 (Consequences of a merger) of the *UCITS Regulations 2011*;

(e) the calculation method of the exchange ratio;

(f) the planned effective date of the *UCITS* merger;

(g) the rules applicable respectively to the transfer of assets and the exchange of *units*; and

(h) in the case of a *UCITS* merger where the *receiving UCITS* or the *sub-fund* is being specially formed for the purpose, the *instrument constituting the fund* of the newly constituted *receiving UCITS*.

[Note: article 40(1) of the *UCITS Directive*]

7.7.8

G

The *management companies* of the *merging UCITS* and the *receiving UCITS* may decide to include further items in the common draft terms of the *UCITS* merger.

[Note: article 40(2) of the *UCITS Directive*]

7

Verification by the depositary

7.7.9 **R** The *depositary* of a *UCITS scheme* that is either a *merging UCITS* or a *receiving UCITS* in a proposed *UCITS merger* must verify that the statements in the common draft terms of merger required under **COLL 7.7.7 R (2)(a)**, **(f)** and **(g)**, to the extent they relate to the *scheme* for which it is the *depositary*, conform with the provisions of the *regulatory system* and the *instrument constituting the fund*.

[Note: article 41 of the *UCITS Directive*]

Information to be given to unitholders

7.7.10 **R**

- (1) The *authorised fund manager* of a *UCITS scheme* that is a *merging UCITS* or a *receiving UCITS* in a proposed *UCITS merger* must ensure that a *document* containing appropriate and accurate information on the merger is provided to the *unitholders* of that *scheme* so as to enable them to:
 - (a) make an informed judgment about the impact of the proposal on their investment;
 - (b) exercise their rights under regulation 12 (Right of redemption) of the *UCITS Regulations 2011*; and
 - (c) where applicable, exercise their right to vote on whether or not to approve the merger in accordance with **COLL 7.7.4 R (2)(a)** (UCITS mergers).
- (2) Where a *UCITS scheme* is the *merging UCITS* in a *domestic UCITS merger* or *cross-border UCITS merger*, its *authorised fund manager* must provide the *information document* in (1):
 - (a) to the *unitholders* of the *merging UCITS* and (in the case of a *domestic UCITS merger*) the *receiving UCITS* only after the *FCA* has given its approval to the *UCITS merger proposal* under regulation 9 of the *UCITS Regulations 2011*; and
 - (b) where the *receiving UCITS* (in the case of a *cross-border UCITS merger*) is an *EEA UCITS scheme*, to the *unitholders* of that *scheme* only after the *Home State regulator* of each *merging UCITS* has authorised the *UCITS merger proposal* under national measures implementing article 39 of the *UCITS Directive*;

and in either case must do so at least 30 days before the last date by which *unitholders* may request repurchase or *redemption* of their *units* or, where applicable, conversion without additional charge.
- (3) The *information document* to be provided to the *unitholders* of the *merging UCITS* and the *receiving UCITS* under (1) must include the following:
 - (a) the background to and the rationale for the proposed *UCITS merger*;
 - (b) the possible impact of the proposed *UCITS merger* on *unitholders*, including but not limited to any material differences in respect of investment policy and strategy, costs, expected outcome, periodic reporting, possible dilution in performance, and, where relevant, a prominent warning to investors that their tax treatment may be changed following the *UCITS merger*;

- (c) any specific rights *unitholders* have in relation to the proposed *UCITS merger*, including but not limited to:
 - (i) the right to obtain additional information;
 - (ii) the right to obtain a copy of the report of the independent auditor or the *depository* on request prepared for the purposes of regulation 11 of the *UCITS Regulations 2011* or, if applicable, the equivalent national implementing measure of the *UCITS Home State*;
 - (iii) the right to request the repurchase or *redemption* or, where applicable, the conversion of their *units* without charge under regulation 12 of the *UCITS Regulations 2011* or, if applicable, the equivalent national implementing measure of the *UCITS Home State*; and
 - (iv) the last date for exercising that right;
 - (d) the relevant procedural aspects and the planned effective date of the merger; and
 - (e) a copy of the *key investor information* of the *receiving UCITS*.
- (4) If a *UCITS marketing notification* in respect of the *merging UCITS* or *receiving UCITS* has been made, the information *document* referred to in (3) must be provided in the official language, or one of the official languages, of the relevant *Host State* in which *units* of the *UCITS scheme* are to be marketed, or in a language approved by its *Host State regulator*. The *authorised fund manager* of the relevant *UCITS scheme* must provide an accurate translation of the information *document*.

[Note: article 43(1), 43(2), 43(3) and 43(4) of the *UCITS Directive*]

General rules regarding the content of merger information to be provided to unitholders

7.7.11

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- (1) The information *document* that must be provided to *unitholders* under ■ COLL 7.7.10 R (Information to be given to unitholders) by the *authorised fund manager* of a *UCITS scheme* must be written in a concise manner and in non-technical language.
- (2) In the case of a proposed *cross-border UCITS merger*, the *authorised fund manager* of the *UCITS scheme*, being either the *merging UCITS* or the *receiving UCITS* respectively, must explain in plain language any terms or procedures relating to the *EEA UCITS scheme* which differ from those commonly used in the *United Kingdom*.
- (3) The information to be provided to the *unitholders* of the *merging UCITS* must meet the needs of investors who have no prior knowledge of the features of the *receiving UCITS* or of the manner of its operation, drawing their attention to the *key investor information* of the *receiving UCITS* and emphasising the desirability of reading it.
- (4) The information to be provided to the *unitholders* of the *receiving UCITS* must focus on the operation of the merger and its potential impact on the *receiving UCITS*.

[Note: article 3 of the *UCITS implementing Directive No 2*]

7.7.12

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- (1) The information provided to *unitholders* under ■ COLL 7.7.10 R and ■ COLL 7.7.13 R on any proposed *merger* should reflect the different needs of the *unitholders* of the *merging UCITS* and the *receiving UCITS* and assist their understanding of what is being proposed.
- (2) The reference to "conversion" in ■ COLL 7.7.10 R (2) means an exchange of *units* in the *merging UCITS* or *receiving UCITS* for *units* in another *UCITS scheme* or *EEA UCITS scheme* that has similar investment policies and that is managed by the same *authorised fund manager* or one of its *affiliated companies*.

[Note: recital (1) of the *UCITS implementing Directive No 2*]

Specific rules regarding the content of merger information to be provided to unitholders of the merging UCITS

7.7.13

R

- (1) Where the *merging UCITS* is a *UCITS scheme*, the information document that its *authorised fund manager* must provide to its *unitholders* under ■ COLL 7.7.10 R (3)(b) must also include:
 - (a) details of any differences in the rights of *unitholders* of the *merging UCITS* before and after the proposed *UCITS merger* takes effect;
 - (b) if the *key investor information* of the *merging UCITS* and the *receiving UCITS* show *synthetic risk and reward indicators* in different categories, or identify different material risks in the accompanying narrative, a comparison of those differences;
 - (c) a comparison of all charges, fees and expenses for both *schemes*, based on the amounts disclosed in their respective *key investor information*;
 - (d) if the *merging UCITS* applies a performance-related fee, an explanation of how it will be applied up to the point at which the *merger* becomes effective;
 - (e) if the *receiving UCITS* applies a performance-related fee, how it will subsequently be applied to ensure fair treatment of those *unitholders* who previously held *units* in the *merging UCITS*;
 - (f) in cases where costs associated with the preparation and the completion of the *merger* may be charged to either the *merging* or the *receiving UCITS* or any of their *unitholders*, details of how those costs are to be allocated; and
 - (g) an explanation of whether the *authorised fund manager* of the *merging UCITS* itself intends to undertake any *rebalancing of the portfolio* before the *merger* takes effect.
- (2) The information to be provided under ■ COLL 7.7.10 R (3)(c) must also include:
 - (a) details of how any accrued income in each *scheme* is to be treated; and
 - (b) an indication of how the report of the independent auditor or the *depository* may be obtained.
- (3) The information to be provided in accordance with ■ COLL 7.7.10 R (3)(d) must include:

- (a) where required by ■ COLL 7.6.2 R (Schemes of arrangement: requirements), the procedure by which *unitholders* will be asked to approve the merger proposal, and what arrangements will be made to inform them of the outcome;
 - (b) the details of any intended suspension of *dealing in units* to enable the merger to be carried out efficiently; and
 - (c) when the merger will take effect in accordance with regulation 13 of the *UCITS Regulations 2011*.
- (4) The information to be provided to the *unitholders* of the *merging UCITS* must include:
- (a) the period during which those *unitholders* will be able to continue making subscriptions and requesting *redemptions* of *units* in the *scheme*;
 - (b) the time when those *unitholders* not making use of their rights granted under regulation 12 of the *UCITS Regulations 2011*, within the relevant time limit, will be able to exercise their rights as *unitholders* of the *receiving UCITS*; and
 - (c) an explanation that once the merger proposal is approved by the resolution of a general meeting of the *unitholders* of the *merging UCITS*, those *unitholders* who vote against the proposal or who do not vote at all, and who do not make use of their rights granted under regulation 12 of the *UCITS Regulations 2011* within the relevant time limit, will become *unitholders* of the *receiving UCITS*.
- (5) If a summary of the key points of the merger proposal is provided at the beginning of the *document* providing information on the merger proposal, it must cross-refer to the parts of the *document* where further information is provided.

[Note: article 4 of the *UCITS implementing Directive No 2*]

Specific rules regarding the content of merger information to be provided to unitholders of the receiving UCITS

7.7.14

R

- (1) Where the *receiving UCITS* is a *UCITS scheme*, the information that its *authorised fund manager* must provide to its *unitholders* under ■ COLL 7.7.10 R (3)(b) must also include an explanation of whether the *authorised fund manager* expects the merger to have any material effect on the portfolio of the *receiving UCITS*, and whether it intends to undertake any rebalancing of the portfolio either before or after the merger takes effect.
- (2) In addition to (1), the *authorised fund manager* of the *receiving UCITS* must provide to its *unitholders* the information referred to in ■ COLL 7.7.13 R (2), ■ (3), and ■ (5).

[Note: article 4 of the *UCITS implementing Directive No 2*]

7.7.15

G

- (1) An *authorised fund manager* may add other information to that which is required by ■ COLL 7.7.10 R to ■ COLL 7.7.14 R if it considers that it is relevant in the context of the proposed *UCITS merger*. For example, it may be appropriate for the information provided in

accordance with ■ COLL 7.7.13 R (3)(a) to contain a recommendation by the respective *authorised fund manager* of an *AUT* or *ACS* or the *directors* of an *ICVC* as to the course of action the *unitholders* should take.

- (2) Where an *authorised fund manager* chooses to include a summary of the key points as allowed by ■ COLL 7.7.13 R (5), its inclusion does not relieve the *authorised fund manager* of its obligation to avoid the use of long or technical explanations in the rest of the document.

[Note: recitals (2) and (3) and article 4(6) of the *UCITS implementing Directive No 2*]

Key investor information

7.7.16 **R** The *authorised fund manager* of a *merging UCITS* must provide an up-to-date version of the *key investor information* of the *receiving UCITS* to its existing *unitholders*.

[Note: article 5(1) of the *UCITS implementing Directive No 2*]

7.7.17 **R** (1) Where a *UCITS scheme* is the *receiving UCITS* in a *cross-border UCITS merger*, its *authorised fund manager* must ensure that an up-to-date version of the *key investor information document* of the *receiving UCITS* is made available to the *management company* of the *merging UCITS* for the purpose of providing it to investors in that *UCITS*.

- (2) Where the *key investor information document* of the *receiving UCITS* has been amended for the purpose of (1), the *authorised fund manager* of the *receiving UCITS* must also provide it to all its existing *unitholders*.

[Note: article 5(2) of the *UCITS implementing Directive No 2*]

New unitholders

7.7.18 **R** Between the date when the information required under ■ COLL 7.7.10 R is provided to *unitholders* and the date when the merger takes effect, the information document and the up-to-date *key investor information* of the *receiving UCITS* must be provided to each *person* who purchases or subscribes for *units* in either the *merging UCITS* or the *receiving UCITS* or who asks to receive copies of the *instrument constituting the fund*, *prospectus* or *key investor information* of either *scheme*.

[Note: article 6 of the *UCITS implementing Directive No 2*]

Method of providing merger information to unitholders

7.7.19 **R** The *authorised fund manager* of the *merging UCITS* and the *receiving UCITS* must provide the information required by ■ COLL 7.7.10 R to ■ COLL 7.7.14 R to *unitholders* in a *durable medium*.

[Note: article 7 of the *UCITS implementing Directive No 2*]

Merger costs

7.7.20 **R** The *authorised fund manager* of a *UCITS scheme* that is either a *merging UCITS* or a *receiving UCITS* must ensure that any legal, advisory, administrative or any other costs associated with the preparation and completion of the *UCITS merger* are not charged to either *scheme* or to any of its *unitholders*.

[Note: article 46 of the *UCITS Directive*]

Effective merger date, exchange ratio calculation date and publication of merger

7.7.21 **G**

- (1) In a *domestic UCITS merger*, the effective date of the merger will be the date specified by the *FCA* in its order authorising the proposed merger in accordance with regulation 9 of the *UCITS Regulations 2011*.
- (2) For a *UCITS scheme* which is the *receiving UCITS* in a *cross-border UCITS merger*, the effective date of the merger will be the date agreed by the *FCA* and the *merging UCITS' Home State regulator*.
- (3) For a *UCITS scheme* which is the *receiving UCITS* in a *domestic UCITS merger* or a *cross-border UCITS merger*:
 - (a) the date for calculating the exchange ratio of *units* of the *merging UCITS* into *units* of the *receiving UCITS* and, where applicable, for determining the relevant net asset value for cash will be the date specified in the common terms of merger for that purpose; and
 - (b) the *FCA* will publish the entry into effect of the merger in the record it keeps under section 347 (The record of authorised persons etc) of the *Act* in accordance with regulation 14 of the *UCITS Regulations 2011*.
- (4) For a *UCITS scheme* which is the *merging UCITS* in a *cross-border UCITS merger*, the dates referred to in (2) and (3)(a) will be determined by the laws of the *receiving UCITS Home State*. Those dates will be after the date on which the merger proposal has been approved in accordance with **COLL 7.7.4 R (2)(a)** (*UCITS mergers*).

[Note: article 47 of the *UCITS Directive*]

Confirmation obligation on completion of a UCITS merger

7.7.22 **R** The *authorised fund manager* of a *UCITS scheme* that is the *receiving UCITS* in either a *domestic* or *cross-border UCITS merger* must confirm in writing to the *depository* of the *UCITS scheme* and the *FCA* that the merger transfer is complete.

[Note: article 48(4) of the *UCITS Directive*]

7.7.23 **G** Regulation 13 of the *UCITS Regulations 2011* sets out the conditions that must be fulfilled for a merger transfer to be considered complete.

